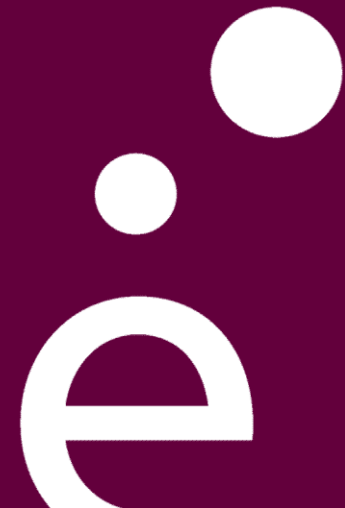# agora
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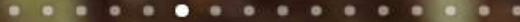
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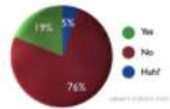# Gestreute Briefe

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« When does a program become ... a person? »
Quelques commentaires

David de Magalhaes Goncalves

Thank you for your article, the explanations were very clear and you raised some questions I never thought about. This article sheds light on philosophical questions about artificial intelligence if it appears one day. Indeed, I think that it will appear until we discover how a human brain works. Because, the engineers create programs and a structure to the program to explain how to works. But today, we didn't know how a human brain works, without that, we cannot "reproduce that in a program. Like Theotime Gros said, it's not the machine that can be a person but the program.... Read more »

👍 0 👎   ↩ RÉPONDRE   ✏ ÉDITER   ⏱ 23/01/2017 14 h 35 min

Guillemot LE BOURHIS

The key point you mentioned is that acknowledging a machine is intelligent, and saying it is human are in fact very different. The only intelligent life we have « encountered », is mankind, so it is difficult to separate both. Sorry to go over some obvious points, but humans feel, laugh, hope etc. and as long as a machine cannot do that, then although it might have intelligence, can it be granted human rights ? Or will we lose this « humanity » ? Will we break down the human being in terms of cerebral activity, hormones, enzymes, brainwaves etc until we tear... Read more »

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Arturo Garrido

This is a very interesting subject. Some great thinkers, such as Elon Musk, Stephen Hawking, etc. defend that even if AGI still seems far away in time, it is important to start tackling its philosophical and moral aspects. The issue of when an intelligent machine can be considered a human is a complex one, mainly because we still don't know what really happens in our mind. Actually, we are trying to explain intelligence with our intelligence, which is why a lot of scientists believe that we will never manage to "crack the mind's code". But, even if we never succeed... Read more »

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